



Refactoring Legacy Code

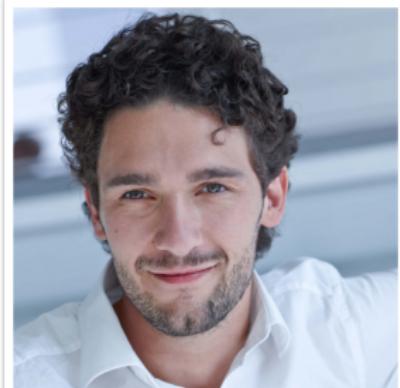
IPC Spring Edition 2017

Benjamin Eberlei & Kore Nordmann (@qafoo)
2nd June, 2017

Hi



Benjamin Eberlei
@beberlei



Kore Nordmann
@koredn



Business Requirements Will Never Converge



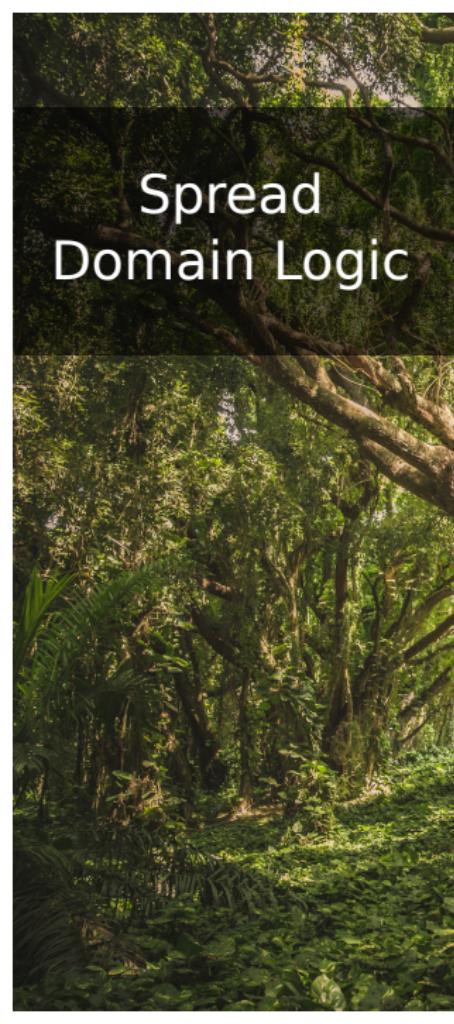
Refactoring

“Change is the only constant”

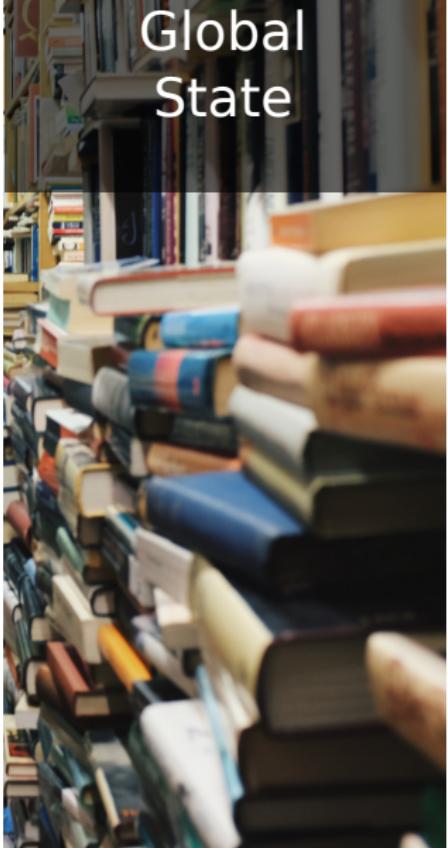
Refactoring

“Refactoring should never only be a dedicated task on your board – it should be an essential part of every other task you work on.”

- ▶ Refactoring and testing are default behaviours
- ▶ Larger refactorings may require dedicated work



Spread
Domain Logic



A photograph of a massive tree with a wide, spreading canopy, likely a tropical or subtropical species. The trunk is thick and gnarled, with many branches extending outwards. The surrounding environment is dense with green foliage and other trees, creating a lush, natural setting.

Spread Domain Logic

Spread Domain Logic

- ▶ Reason for complexity
- ▶ Problematic to maintain or change
- ▶ Hard to understand

The Problem

```
1  class EventController
2  {
3      public function listAction(Request $request)
4      {
5          $start = new \DateTime($request->query->get('start', '-60_minute'));
6          $end = new \DateTime($request->query->get('end', 'now'));
7
8          if ($start > $end) {
9              $tmp = $end;
10             $end = $start;
11             $start = $tmp;
12         }
13
14         return [
15             'events' => $this->eventRepository->findBetween($start, $end),
16         ];
17     }
18
19     public function listTodayAction()
20     {
21         $start = new DateTime('today_00:00:00');
22         $end = new DateTime('today_23:59:59');
23
24         return [
25             'events' => $this->eventRepository->findBetween($start, $end),
26         ];
27     }
28 }
```

The Value Object

```
1  class DateRange
2  {
3      public function __construct(DateTime $start, DateTime $end)
4      {
5          if ($start > $end) {
6              $tmp = $end;
7              $end = $start;
8              $start = $tmp;
9          }
10
11         $this->start = $start;
12         $this->end = $end;
13     }
14
15     public static function today()
16     {
17         return new self(
18             new DateTime('today-00:00:00'),
19             new DateTime('today-23:59:59')
20         );
21     }
22
23     // @TODO: More utility factory methods and methods
24 }
```

The Resulting Code

```
1 class EventController
2 {
3     public function listAction(Request $request)
4     {
5         $range = DateRange::fromStrings(
6             $request->query->get('start', '-60.minute'),
7             $request->query->get('end', 'now')
8         );
9
10        return [
11            'events' => $this->eventRepository->findBetween($range),
12        ];
13    }
14
15    public function listTodayAction()
16    {
17        return [
18            'events' => $this->eventRepository->findBetween(DateRange::today()),
19        ];
20    }
21 }
```

Introduce Value Objects

- ▶ Convert all hash maps (arrays) into objects
- ▶ Design interfaces from a usage perspective
- ▶ Add validation of “eternal truth”



Complex Code

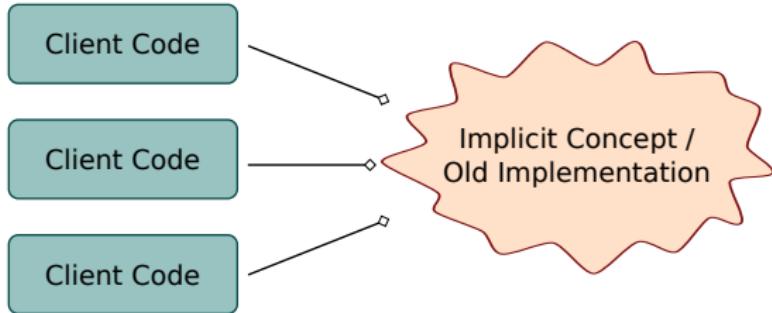
Complex Code

- ▶ Combination of logic with persistance, services etc.
- ▶ Hard to test or change

Branch By Abstraction

Technique to gradually replace larger sub systems
in running software

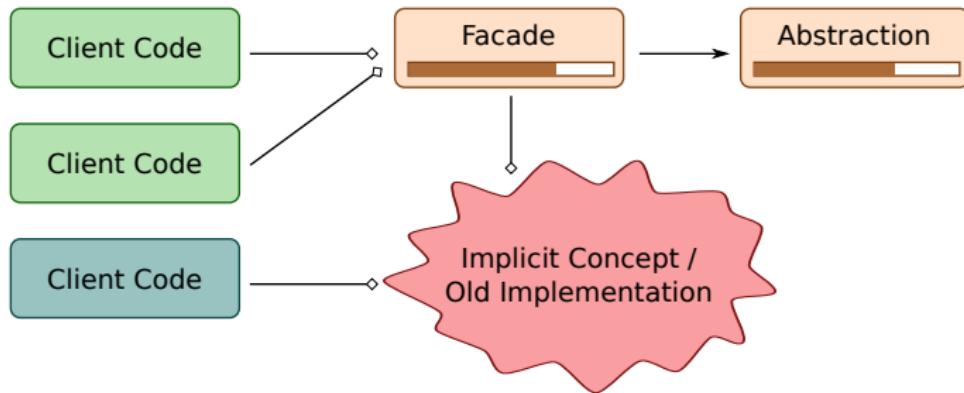
Initial State



Identify Usage in Clients

- ▶ Find out how concept is used
- ▶ Introduce new abstraction / facade step by step
- ▶ Adapt clients to use new Facade
 - ▶ Extract Method (Excellent tool support)
 - ▶ Extract Class (No tool support)

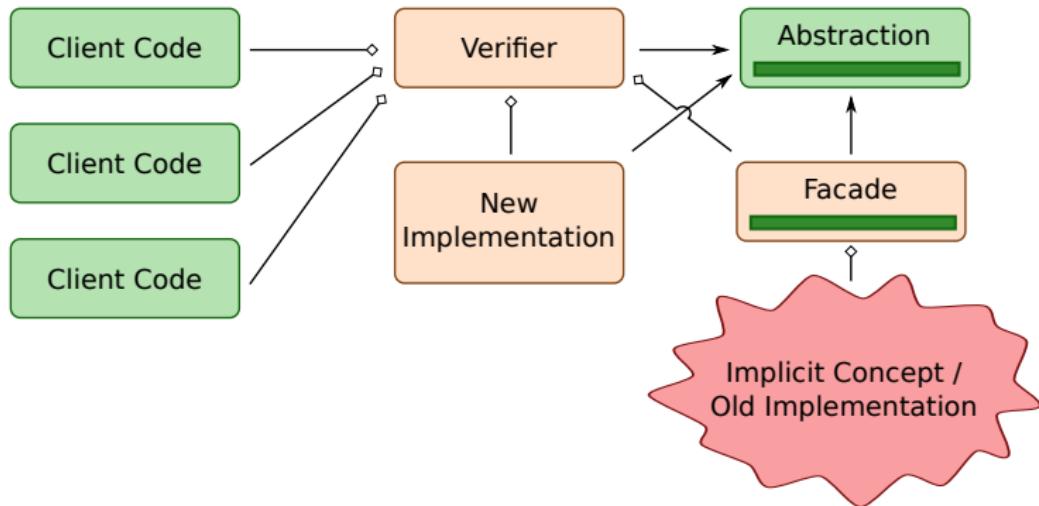
Adapt Clients



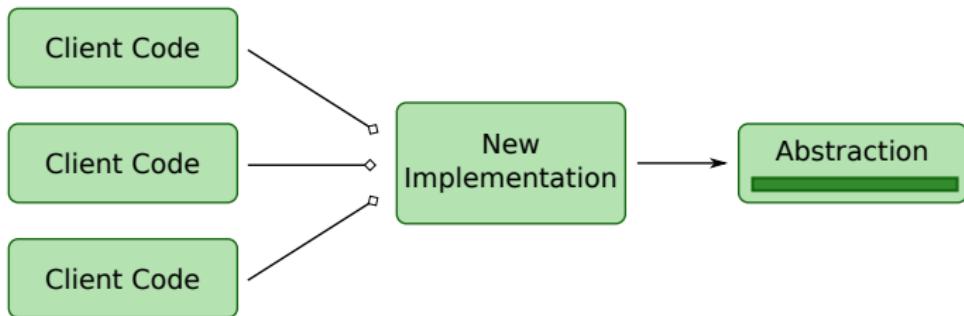
Start New Implementation

- ▶ Once facade is complete start new implementation (test driven)
- ▶ Verify new implementation with decorator

Introduce New Implementation



Delete Old Code



Branch By Abstraction

- ▶ Extract larger subsystems in running software
 - ▶ Persistence layer
 - ▶ Complex domain concepts
- ▶ Design interfaces from a usage perspective
- ▶ Validate refactoring in production



Global State

Global State

- ▶ Almost impossible to test
- ▶ Isolation of Bounded Contexts impossible (Microservices)

The Problem

```
1  class SearchService
2  {
3      public function searchAction($queryString, $type)
4      {
5          /** @var $solarium \Solarium\Client */
6          $solarium = Solarium::getInstance();
7          $select = $solarium->createSelect();
8
9          // More and complex filtering logic to test
10
11         $result = $solarium->query($select);
12
13         return $result;
14     }
15 }
```

Start By Extracting Construction

```
1  class SearchService
2  {
3      public function searchAction($queryString, $type)
4      {
5          /** @var $solarium \Solarium_Client */
6          $solarium = $this->getSolarium();
7          // ...
8      }
9
10     protected function getSolarium()
11     {
12         return Solarium::getInstance();
13     }
14 }
```

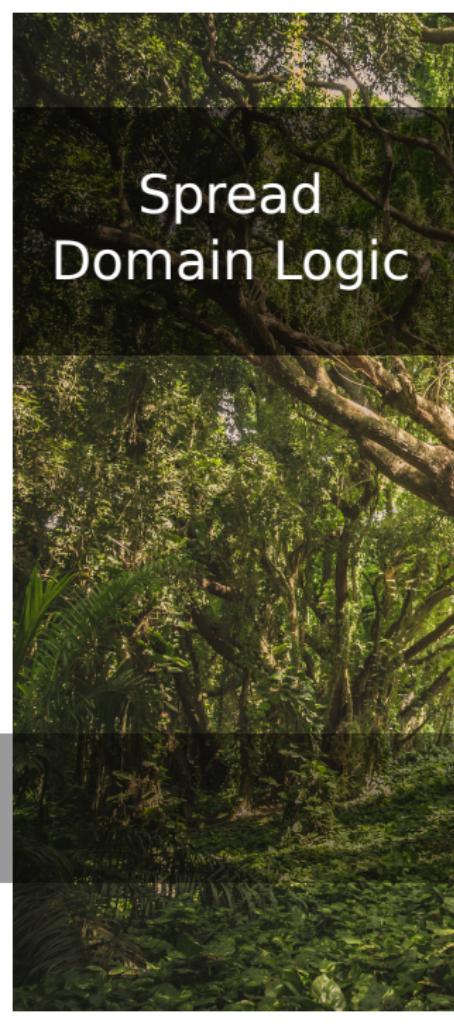
Use Optional Constructor Injection

```
1 class SearchService
2 {
3     private $solarium;
4
5     public function __construct(\Solarium\Client $solarium = null)
6     {
7         $this->solarium = $solarium ?: Solarium::getInstance();
8     }
9
10    protected function getSolarium()
11    {
12        return $this->solarium;
13    }
14 }
```

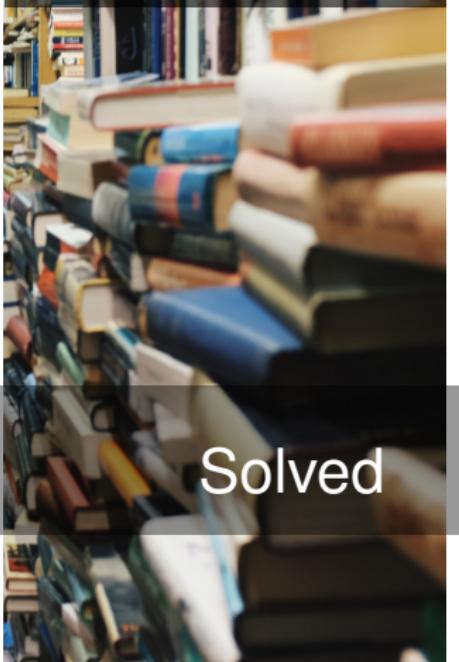
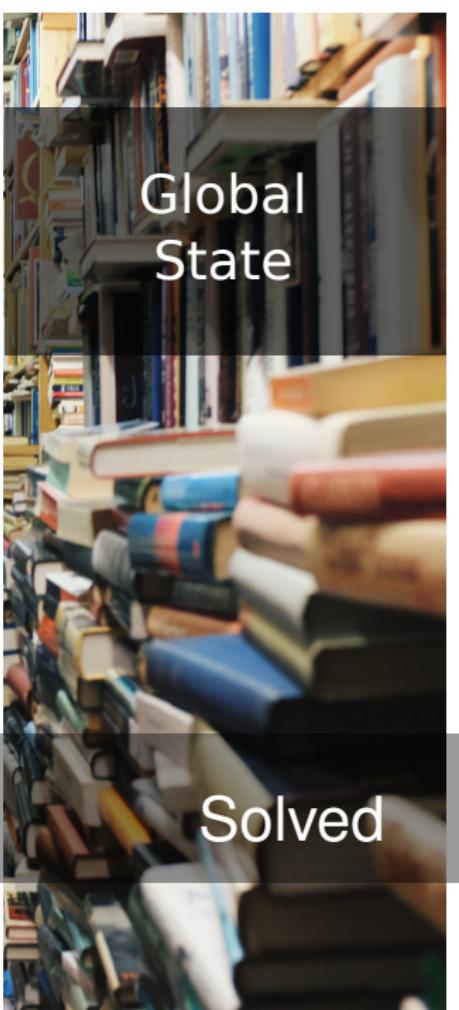
Oxid Entry Point (Controller) Example

```
1  class acme_product_details extends oxProductDetails
2  {
3      public function render()
4      {
5          parent::render();
6          try {
7              $dic = oxRegistry::get('acme_dic');
8              $solarium = $dic->get('acme.bundle.solarium');
9              $result = $solarium->searchProduct($_GET['product_id']);
10
11
12             $this->addTplParam('product', $result->product);
13             $this->addTplParam('related', $result->relatedProducts);
14
15             return 'acme_dev_product.tpl';
16         } catch (\Exception $e) {
17             $this->addTplParam('exception', $e);
18             return 'acme_dev_magic_error.tpl';
19         }
20     }
21 }
```

-
- ▶ Push **all** dependencies into services
 - ▶ Use some dependency injection container to manage your dependency graph (application configuration)
 - ▶ Use dependency injection container (DIC) in legacy entry points
 - ▶ Might temporarily use static access
 - ▶ In the end it should only be used in the `index.php` dynamically



Spread
Domain Logic



Solved

Refactoring

Optimize for removal & replacement – **not** for re-use.

Refactoring

Execute in baby steps. Commit early and often.

<https://qafoo.com/newsletter>



THANK YOU

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