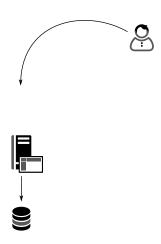




About Me





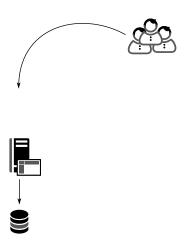




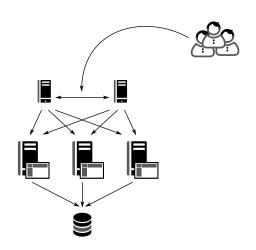
Too many visitors













Lessons Learned: Load Balancing

- Works because of HTTP & PHP
 - ► HTTP is LCoDC\$SS
 - PHP is build for shared-nothing
- Round Robin works best
 - Sticky sessions will overload certain servers

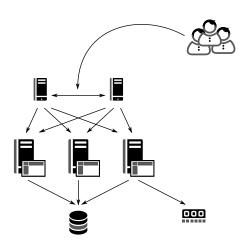




Non-sticky session – how?





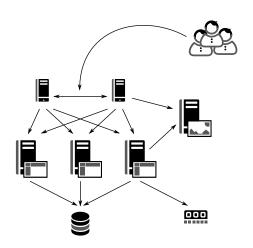




Where to put the static data?









Lessons Learned: Static Files

- NFS will eventually lead to dead locks
 - ... still seems the most popular solution around.
- Multiple domains can hurt performance (TCP slow start)
- Using dedicated CDN providers can help
 - Content locality

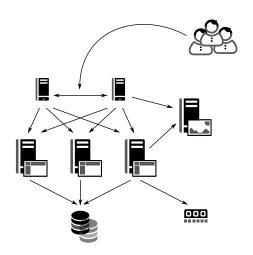




DB server too slow









Lessons Learned: Replicate Database

- Master Slave Replication is fairly easy to set up
 - Obviously only scales READs
 - WRITEs are usually not your first problem

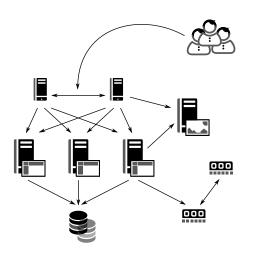




DB servers are too expensive









Lessons Learned: Cache With Memcache

- Cache all the things in memory
 - Cache entities
 - Cache collections
 - Full page cache
- Cache invalidation

There are three hard things in Computer Science: Cache invalidation and off by one errors.

- Cache dependency calculation
- The paging problem

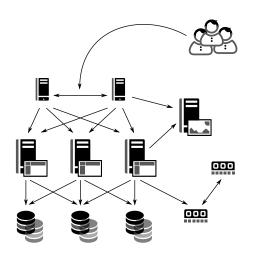




Too many writes



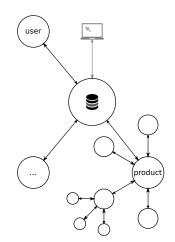






Sharding

- Split tables across multiple nodes
- Shard by consistent hashing





Lessons Learned: Sharding

- Shard by table
 - ... or even shard by consistent hash per entity
- No referential integrity checking
- Queries are limited to sharding solution
- Schema updates across multiple shards are fun

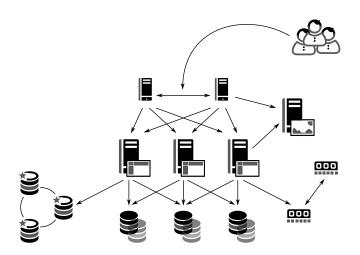




Database setup too complex









Lessons Learned: NoSQL

- Usually solves one problem really well:
 - Sharding
 - Multi-Master-Replication
 - Cross-shard queries
- Usually omits:
 - ▶ SQL
 - Referential Integrity
- ... we lost all relevant features from Relational Database Management Systems anyways...





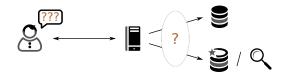
Data Consistency

Keeping data consistent across multiple storages





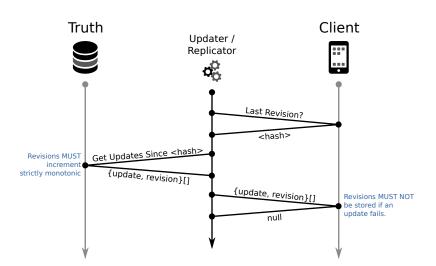
Data Consistency Across Nodes





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Eventual Consistency





Lessons Learned: Data Consistency

- Embrace Eventual Consistency
 - Compaction is hard
 - Data migrations are hard

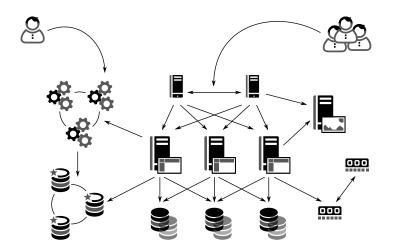




Business wants to query data









Lessons Learned: Map-Reduce

- Execute gueries on distributed databases
- New query language to learn
 - Your developers write analysis scripts, instead of the business analysts writing slow SQL queries

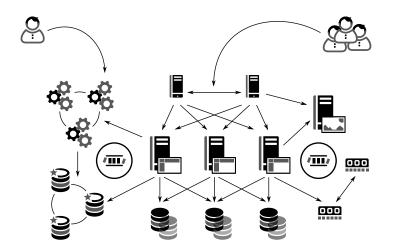




How to orchestrate?









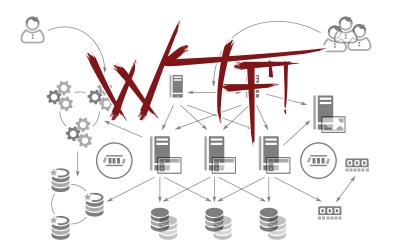
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Lessons Learned: Queues

- Queues can ensure data is processed asynchronously
 - Data consistency must be ensured even when pushing into queues
 - Following the data flow of an action can be "tricky"
- Used to distribute data between systems









Microservices

Apply **Seperation of Concerns** on service level to allow for seperate teams & technologies per concern.

- Microservices can simplify things:
 - Choose optimal technology stack per team & concern
- Microservices will also complicate things:
 - Automated deployment is a must
 - Service orchestration is still a problem
 - Service downtimes and latency must be handled gracefully (Eventual Consistency)
- Big DataTM will stay a problem



Lessons Learned (subjective)

- Boring technology choices will often work best
 - Just start & stay with LAMP?
- Only bring in shiny new technologies with care
 - There are enough reasons to eventually do that, though





There is no conclusion

Do not jump on every bandwagon – this includes microservices





THANK YOU

Rent a quality expert qafoo.com