

Web development with PHP

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▶ The speakers

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 - ▶ PHPUnit [37], eZ Components [6], PEAR [13], PHP [18] itself,
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 - ▶ International PHP Conference, WebtechCon, FrOSCon, ...

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- ▶ Regular authors in various magazines
 - ▶ PHP Magazine, Linux Magazine, ...

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 - ▶ Whenever a question occurs
 - ▶ How stupid you think the question might be

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 - ▶ Whenever a question occurs
 - ▶ How stupid you think the question might be
- ▶ Slides will be online later today on
 - ▶ <http://udo.edu/.../php.zip>

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 - ▶ Do you like / hate PHP?
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 - ▶ What do you do with PHP?
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 - ▶ Did you already use PHP 4 (maybe even 3)?
- ▶ In the “real” world:
 - ▶ Yahoo, Facebook, StudiVZ, Wikipedia, ...
 - ▶ Siemens, T-Online, ...
 - ▶ Add \$bigCompany here

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 - ▶ Third popular language (TIOBE) [40]

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 - ▶ CLI [20]
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 - ▶ Embedded [?]

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 - ▶ Third popular language (TIOBE) [40]
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- ▶ Web-centric, but not web-only
 - ▶ CLI [20]
 - ▶ GTK [22]
 - ▶ Embedded [?]
- ▶ Portable

- ▶ 550 High-End-Server
- ▶ 2,200 Processor Cores
- ▶ 7,000 GB RAM
- ▶ Peak 4,300 Mbit / sec.
- ▶ Peak 150,000 database queries / sec.
- ▶ Statistics estimated in June 2009

- ▶ Vital Open Source community

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 - ▶ Professionals
 - ▶ Zend (Zend Engine 2)
 - ▶ IBM (Project Zero)
 - ▶ Yahoo! (APC)
 - ▶ eZ Systems (Xdebug)
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 - ▶ Volunteers
 - ▶ Extension developers
 - ▶ Testers
 - ▶ Documentors (12 languages)
 - ▶ User-space libraries
 - ▶ (PEAR, Zend Framework, eZ Components,...)

History

- ▶ PHP/FI (Personal Homepage Tools / Form Interpreter)

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- ▶ PHP 4
 - ▶ Merges parts of PHPLib (Sessions)
 - ▶ Very simple object orientation

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 - ▶ “Real” object orientation
 - ▶ Important features
 - ▶ Better XML handling
 - ▶ Database abstraction layer
 - ▶ Major speed improvements

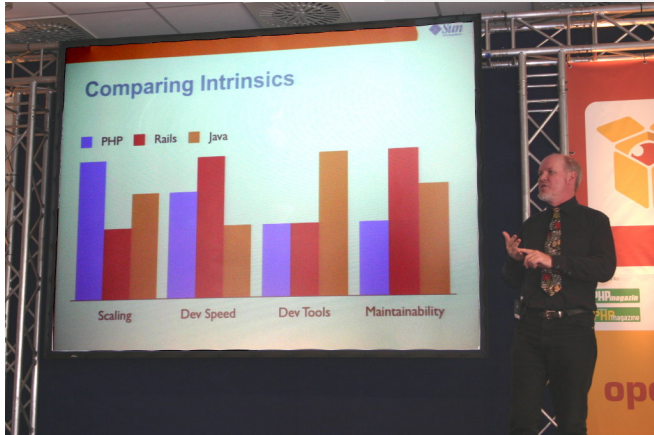
- ▶ PHP 5 / Zend Engine 2
 - ▶ “Real” object orientation
 - ▶ Important features
 - ▶ Better XML handling
 - ▶ Database abstraction layer
 - ▶ Major speed improvements
- ▶ PHP 5 has actually been released four years ago.
- ▶ Support for PHP 4 has officially been dropped end 2007.

- ▶ PHP 5.3
 - ▶ Namespaces [25]
 - ▶ Late static binding [24]
 - ▶ Closures / lambda functions [19]
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- ▶ PHP 6 / PHP 5.4 (no promises!)
 - ▶ Native Unicode support
 - ▶ Traits
 - ▶ Cleanup of deprecated features
 - ▶ Register globals
 - ▶ Safe mode
 - ▶ ...

Architecture



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 - ▶ Dynamic (similar to Python, Perl)
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- ▶ Freedom vs. Clarity

- ▶ Libraries
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- ▶ Optional extensions shipped with the core
- ▶ Additional extensions installable via PECL [16]

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 - ▶ Databases

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- ▶ Persistent states in shared memory
 - ▶ RAM
 - ▶ memcache / APC / ...
 - ▶ File systems
 - ▶ Databases
- ▶ Threadsafe environment
 - ▶ No threading in language

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 - ▶ Standalone applications possible

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- ▶ <http://www.php.net/manual/en/install.php>

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 - ▶ Channel support
 - ▶ Provide your own code via PEAR Installer
 - ▶ Application setup facilities
 - ▶ Pre- / post install scripts
 - ▶ Shipped with PHP since 4.3.0

- ▶ [http://docs.php.net/\(extension—function—class\)](http://docs.php.net/(extension—function—class))
 - ▶ Good coverage of core functions / classes
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- ▶ Magazines
 - ▶ PHP Magazin (<http://it-republik.de/php/>)
 - ▶ php—architect (<http://www.phparch.com/>)
 - ▶ ...

Request handling

- ▶ Request data is available in *superglobal* arrays [28]
 - ▶ `$_GET`

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 - ▶ `$_GET`
 - ▶ `$_POST`
 - ▶ `$_COOKIE`
 - ▶ `$_FILES`
 - ▶ `($_SERVER / $_ENV)`

```
1 <?php
2 if ( ( isset( $_POST['submit'] ) ) &&
3     ( $_POST['Login'] == 'Webtech' ) &&
4     ( $_POST['Password'] == '2009' ) ) {
5     $status = 'You_are_logged_in_now.';
6 } else {
7     $status = 'Login_failed.';
8 }
9 ?>
10 <?xml version="1.0"?>
11 <!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.1 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/
    xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
12 <html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
13 <head><title>Simple form example</title></head>
14 <body>
15 <h1>Simple form example</h1>
16 <h2><?php echo htmlspecialchars( $status, ENT_QUOTES, 'UTF-8' ); ?></h2>
17 <form method="post">
18 <fieldset>
19 <legend>Simple login form</legend>
20 <label for="login">Username</label>
21 <input type="text" id="login" name="Login" />
22 <label for="password">Password</label>
23 <input type="password" id="password" name="Password" />
24 <button type="submit" name="submit">Login</button>
25 </fieldset>
26 </form>
27 </body>
28 </html>
```

- ▶ Session data in superglobal array
 - ▶ `$_SESSION`

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- ▶ Data stored serialized in:
 - ▶ File system (standard)
 - ▶ User extendable
 - ▶ Memcache (-server)
 - ▶ Database

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 - ▶ Memcache (-server)
 - ▶ Database
- ▶ Session-user-association:
 - ▶ Trans-ID
 - ▶ Cookie

```
1 <?php
2
3 session_start();
4
5 // Handle login
6 if ( ( isset( $_POST['submit'] ) ) &&
7     ( $_POST['Login'] == 'Webtech' ) &&
8     ( $_POST['Password'] == '2008' ) )
9 {
10     $_SESSION['loggedin'] = true;
11 }
12
13 // ...
14
15 // Check if user is logged in
16 if ( isset( $_SESSION['loggedin'] ) &&
17     ( $_SESSION['loggedin'] == true ) )
18 {
19     echo 'You are logged in.';
20 }
21 else
22 {
23     echo 'You are not logged in.';
24 }
25
26 ?>
```


OOP Features

- ▶ Classes
 - ▶ Methods
 - ▶ Attributes
 - ▶ Constants
 - ▶ Constructor / Destructor
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- ▶ Abstract classes
- ▶ Static
- ▶ Namespaces

```
1 <?php
2 namespace vorgon\poetry;
3
4 class DeepThought
5 {
6     const answer = "42";
7
8     protected $question;
9
10    public function __construct()
11    {
12        $this->question = "The answer to Life , the universe and everything else?
13        ";
14    }
15
16    public function getResult( $input )
17    {
18        if ( $this->question == $input )
19        {
20            return self::answer;
21        }
22    }
23 }
24 ?>
```

- ▶ Autoloading

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- ▶ Type hints

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- ▶ Interceptors

Databases

- ▶ Mysql
- ▶ Oracle
- ▶ PostgreSQL
- ▶ Sqlite
- ▶ Firebird
- ▶ MSSQL
- ▶ DB2
- ▶ CouchDB
- ▶ ... nearly any other DBMS you can find.

- ▶ PDO = PHP Data Objects [26]

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- ▶ Object oriented interface

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- ▶ Object oriented interface
- ▶ Standardised API (kind of)
 - ▶ No SQL abstraction
 - ▶ No automatic data persistence

- ▶ Abstraction layers written in PHP instead of C

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 - ▶ eZ Database [7]
 - ▶ PEAR MDB2 [15]

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- ▶ SQL abstraction
 - ▶ eZ Database [7]
 - ▶ PEAR MDB2 [15]
- ▶ “Active record”-like implementations
 - ▶ PEAR DB_DataObject [14] (PHP 4)
 - ▶ eZ PersistentObject [8] (PHP 5)
 - ▶ Zend ActiveRecord [42]
 - ▶ Doctrine [4]

Templating

- ▶ Original idea for PHP

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- ▶ Problems
 - ▶ PHP got too powerful
 - ▶ User provided templates
 - ▶ No automatic output escaping
 - ▶ Designers don't want to write real code

- ▶ Restricted functionality

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- ▶ Restricted functionality
- ▶ Automatic output escaping
- ▶ Simple syntax
- ▶ Highly specialized template languages written in PHP
 - ▶ Smarty [39]
 - ▶ eZ Template [9]
 - ▶ PHPTAL [35]
 - ▶ ...

Security

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- ▶ There are bugs in all language interpreters / virtual machines
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- ▶ ext/filter for general input filtering
 - ▶ Global prefiltering

Common infrastructure

- ▶ Bytecode caches
 - ▶ APC (open source) [2]
 - ▶ Zend Platform (commercial) [43]

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 - ▶ Integrated

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 - ▶ Different APIs, with different memory / read characteristics
- ▶ JSON [23]
 - ▶ Integrated
- ▶ Webservices
 - ▶ XML-RPC [30]
 - ▶ SOAP [27]
 - ▶ REST

- ▶ Development tools

- ▶ IDEs (Netbeans [12], Eclipse PDT [5], ...)
- ▶ Standalone Debuggers (XDebug [41], pecl/DTrace)
- ▶ Profiler (XDebug [41])

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- ▶ Quality Assurance tools
 - ▶ Documentation generation (phpDocumentor [33])
 - ▶ Build tools (phing [17])
 - ▶ Unit testing (PHPUnit [37])
 - ▶ Acceptance testing (Selenium [38])
 - ▶ Continuous Integration (phpUnderControl [36], Arbit [3], Hudson [10])
 - ▶ Static code analysis tools (phpCodeSniffer [31], pDepend [21], phploc [34], phpcpd [32], ...)

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- ▶ (Rails like) Frameworks

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 - ▶ Re-usable components
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 - ▶ Good web architecture still not easy
 - ▶ PHP gives you freedom
- ▶ PHP scales
 - ▶ Development wise
 - ▶ Performance wise
 - ▶ Customer wise

- ▶ Any questions?
 - ▶ Kore Nordmann <kore@php.net> / @koredn
 - ▶ Tobias Schlitt <toby@php.net> / @tobySen
 - ▶ Jakob Westhoff <jakob@php.net> / @jakobwesthoff
- ▶ We hope you enjoyed the session

- [1] Apache Webserver.
<http://httpd.apache.org/>.
- [2] APC.
<http://pecl.php.net/APC>.
- [3] Arbit.
<http://arbitracker.org/>.
- [4] Doctrine.
<http://www.doctrine-project.org/>.
- [5] Eclipse PDT.
<http://www.eclipse.org/pdt/>.
- [6] eZ Components.
<http://ezcomponents.org>.
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<http://www.lighttpd.net/>.
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- [14] PEAR DB_DataObject.
http://pear.php.net/DB_DataObject.

- [15] PEAR MDB2.
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- [29] PHP XML APIs.
<http://php.net/manual/en/refs.xml.php>.
- [30] PHP XML-RPC.
<http://php.net/xmlrpc>.
- [31] phpCodeSniffer.
http://pear.php.net/PHP_CodeSniffer.
- [32] phpcpd.
<http://github.com/sebastianbergmann/phpcpd/>.
- [33] phpDocumentor.
<http://www.phpdoc.org/>.
- [34] phploc.
<http://github.com/sebastianbergmann/phploc>.
- [35] PHPTAL.
<http://phptal.org/>.

- [36] phpUnderControl.
<http://phpundercontrol.org/>.
- [37] PHPUnit.
<http://www.phpunit.de>.
- [38] Selenium.
<http://seleniumhq.org/>.
- [39] Smarty.
<http://www.smarty.net/>.
- [40] TIOBE Programming Community Index.
<http://www.tiobe.com/index.php/content/paperinfo/tpci/index.html>.
- [41] Xdebug.
<http://xdebug.org>.
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<http://framework.zend.com/manual/en/zend.db.html>.

- [43] Zend Platform.
<http://www.zend.com/products/platform/>.